## Unit 6: Trigonometry

Trigonometry is a branch of mathematics studying triangles and relationships between their angles and side lengths.

| Basic Trigonometric Ratios |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Abbreviation | Relationship | Formula | Acronym |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Labeling Triangles

- Use upper case letters for vertices.
- Use lower case letters for side.
- Use the symbol for an angle $\qquad$ combined with a capital letter of the vertex, use the symbol for an angle and a triple formed by capital letter, or use a Greek letter.


# Labeling Right-Angled Triangles 

| Grade 8 | Grade 10 onwards |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Definition of an Angle

Negative and Positive Angles

## Angle Categories Based on Their Degree Measures

| Name | Degree Measure | Diagram |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

- $\mathbf{A}$ full rotation $=$ $\qquad$ .


## Angles in Standard Position

## Signs of the Basic Trigonometric Ratios

## Reference Angle


## Special Triangles

