## Systems of Linear Inequalities

- A system of linear inequalities is a set of two or more inequalities that are graphed using a single coordinate system.
- The solution to a system of linear inequalities is a region formed by an overlap of all individual solutions.
- If all the individual solutions do not overlap, the system has no solution. Note that if for example 3 out of 4 inequalities overlap, the system still has no solution.

Examples: Describe the solution to the given system:
a) $y<3 x+1$
$y \geq 2$
$x>5$

$\therefore$ The solution is the region $\qquad$ ,
$\qquad$ the points on $\qquad$ ;
$\qquad$ , $\qquad$ the points on $\qquad$ ;
and $\qquad$
$\qquad$ the points on
$\qquad$ .

a) $y>-\frac{2}{7} x+8$
$y \leq x$


