

Name: _____

Assignment #4: Centripetal Force and Gravitational Potential Energy not on Earth

1. Sketch a labeled graph that shows how the gravitational field of a body varies with distance from its center. Describe the relationship between the strength of the gravitational field and the distance

2. Oberon is a satellite of the planet Uranus. It has an orbital radius of 5.83×10^8 m and an orbital period of 1.16×10^6 s. What is the mass of Uranus?

3. A planet of radius 7.0×10^7 m has a gravitational field strength of 68 N kg^{-1} at its surface. What is the period of a satellite orbiting this planet at a radius of 1.4×10^8 m (twice the planet's radius)?

4. On Earth, the maximum speed without skidding for a car on a level circular curved track of radius 40 m is 15 m/s. This car and track are then transported to another planet for the Indy Galactic 500. The maximum speed without skidding is now 8.4 m/s. What is the value of the acceleration due to gravity on this other planet?

5. The equation $E_p = mgh$, in which g is 9.8 m/s^2 , cannot be used for calculating the gravitational potential energy of an orbiting Earth satellite because

6. A 1570 kg satellite orbits a planet in a circle of radius $5.94 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$. Relative to zero at infinity the gravitational potential energy of this satellite is $-9.32 \times 10^{11} \text{ J}$. What is the mass of the planet?

7. A 120 kg astronaut stands on the surface of an asteroid of radius 600 m . The astronaut leaves the surface with 15 J of kinetic energy and reaches a maximum height of 300 m above the surface. What is the mass of the asteroid?
