1. Describing Motion Using a Displacement versus Time Graph

- Assume a one-to-one scale where time is measured in seconds and displacement is measured in m with South considered positive.

- Label the graph and its axes. Determine the following:

| Time taken |  | Average velocity |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Time intervals (not <br> instants) when the <br> object is at rest |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[0,7]s |  |
| Initial displacement |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[7,20]s |  |
| Final displacement |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[21,30]s |  |
| Change in <br> displacement | Instantaneous <br> velocity at t=7.5 s |  |  |
| Distance travelled |  | Instantaneous <br> velocity at t=20 s |  |

2. Describing Motion Using a Displacement versus Time Graph

- Assume a one-to-one scale where time is measured in seconds and displacement is measured in m with left considered positive.

- Label the graph and its axes.

Determine the following:

| Time taken |  | Average velocity |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Time intervals (not <br> instants) when the <br> object is at rest |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[0,7]s |  |
| Initial displacement |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[7,20]s |  |
| Final displacement |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[21,30]s |  |
| Change in <br> displacement | Instantaneous <br> velocity at t=7.5 s |  |  |
| Distance travelled |  | Instantaneous <br> velocity at t=20 s |  |

3. Describing Motion Using a Displacement versus Time Graph

- Assume a one-to-one scale where time is measured in seconds and displacement is measured in $m$ with up considered positive.

- Label the graph and its axes.

Determine the following:

| Time taken |  | Average velocity |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Time intervals (not <br> instants) when the <br> object is at rest |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[0,5]s |  |
| Initial displacement |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[5,12]s |  |
| Final displacement |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[20,30]s |  |
| Change in <br> displacement | Instantaneous <br> velocity at t=7.5 s |  |  |
| Distance travelled |  | Instantaneous <br> velocity at t=20 s |  |

## 4. Describing Motion Using a Displacement versus Time Graph

- Assume a one-to-one scale where time is measured in seconds and displacement is measured in $m$ with west considered positive.


- Label the graph and its axes.

Determine the following:

| Time taken |  | Average velocity |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Time intervals (not <br> instants) when the <br> object is at rest |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[0,7]s |  |
| Initial displacement |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[7,20]s |  |
| Final displacement |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[21,30]s |  |
| Change in <br> displacement | Instantaneous <br> velocity at t=9 s |  |  |
| Distance travelled |  | Instantaneous <br> velocity at t=20 s |  |

5. Describing Motion Using a Displacement versus Time Graph

- Assume a one-to-one scale where time is measured in seconds and displacement is measured in $m$ with east considered positive.

- Label the graph and its axes.

Determine the following:

| Time taken |  | Average velocity |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Time intervals (not <br> instants) when the <br> object is at rest |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[0,5]s |  |
| Initial displacement |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[10,20]s |  |
| Final displacement |  | Average velocity <br> during t=[15,30]s |  |
| Change in <br> displacement | Instantaneous <br> velocity at t=4s |  |  |
| Distance travelled |  | Instantaneous <br> velocity at t=15 s |  |

