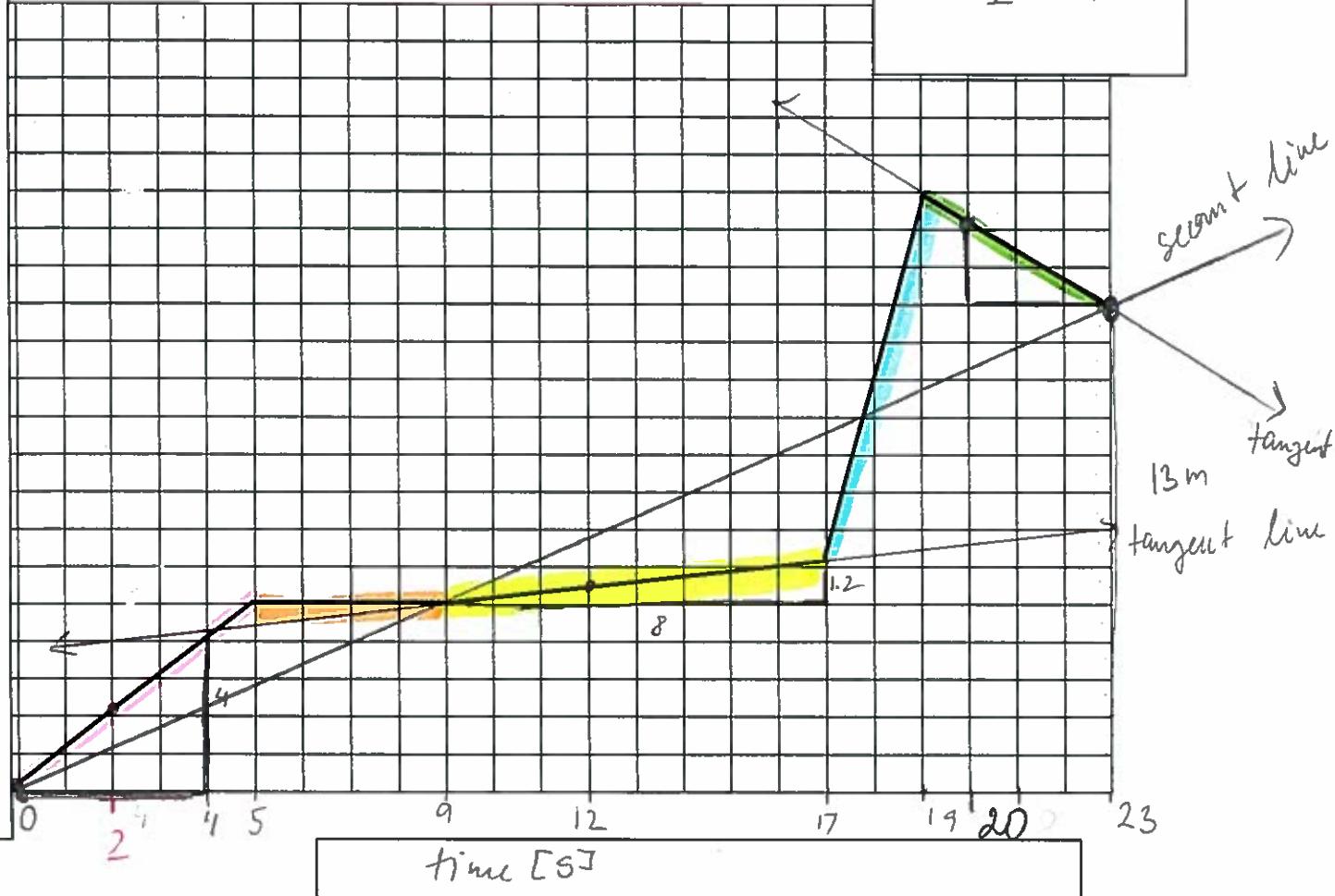


DETERMINING INSTANTANEOUS AND AVERAGE VELOCITY USING A GRAPH

Title: Displacement vs. time graph

Scale: H 1s
I 1m

Determine the following:

Length of the time interval	$\Delta t = 23 \text{ s}$
Time interval when the object is at rest	$t = [5, 9] \text{ s}$
Average velocity for the first 4 seconds	$\bar{v}_{\text{avg}} = \frac{4}{4} = 1 \text{ m/s [N]}$
Average velocity for the entire time interval	$\bar{v}_{\text{avg}} = \frac{13}{23} = 0.57 \text{ m/s [N]}$
Instantaneous velocity for $t=12 \text{ s}$	$\vec{v}_{\text{inst.}} = \frac{12}{8} = 0.15 \text{ m/s [N]}$
Instantaneous velocity for $t=2 \text{ s}$	$\vec{v}_{\text{inst.}} = \bar{v}_{\text{avg}} \text{ for } t = [0, 5] \text{ s} = 1 \text{ m/s [N]}$
Instantaneous velocity for $t=20 \text{ s}$	$\vec{v}_{\text{inst.}} = -\frac{2 \cdot 2}{3} = -0.77 \text{ m/s [South]}$
Is the motion uniform or non-uniform?	non-uniform
Change in displacement	$\Delta d = d_f - d_i = 13 - 0 = 13 \text{ m [N]}$

* Note: For a single line segment $\vec{v}_{\text{inst.}} = \bar{v}_{\text{avg}}$ for the segment's time interval.