М9



1.6 and 1.7 Multiplying and Dividing Fractions

				fre	action	lin
Label the three	e parts of a fract	ion:				
	 					
	M	(mera)	tor			
		denom	unator	***		
				for all and		
-	er is never allow		•			
Q: How do you	express a fract	ion as a decima	l number?	divid		
A: To express	express a fraction as a $\frac{1}{10}$ of the fr	decimal numl action by its	der one has to	inate	ti	he
			20		7	
Express the fo	llowing fraction	is as decimal nu	ımbers:	10		
$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	
0.5	0.3	0.25	0.2	0.6	0.75	

O: What do we call a fraction that has 100 as its denominator?

For example:

$$\frac{13}{100} = 0.13 = 13\%$$

A: A fraction with a 100 in its denominator is called a percentage

Q: What do we call a fraction that has 1 as its denominator?

For example:

$$\frac{15}{1} = 15$$

A: A number that can be expressed as a fraction with 1 in its denominator is called

Q: Can a fraction have a negative number as its denominator?

yes, but it is preferred to move the negative

Sign in the numerator. $\frac{2}{-5}$ = $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{-2}{5}$

Sign in the numerator.
$$\frac{2}{-5}$$
 in $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{-2}{5}$

Q: What do you do when comparing fractions?

For example:

Is $\frac{14}{25}$ greater or smaller than $\frac{12}{23}$?

Recall that we use symbols: _____ for "greater than" and _____ for "less than"

$$\frac{322}{575}$$
 > $\frac{300}{575}$: $\frac{14}{25}$ > $\frac{12}{23}$

Recall the appropriate mathematical terms for basic operations and their symbols:

Name of the operation		Symbol	Name of the result of the operation
Addition		+	Sum
Subtraction			Difference
Multiplication	•	× ()()	Product
Division	<u>}</u>	吕	Quotient

Reducing Fractions

To reduce a fraction is to express it in its howest terms. That is, divide the numerator and the denominator by their largest common factor.

Example: Express given fractions in lowest terms:

4÷2	7 ÷7	2	18 · └	<u>-9</u> ÷ 3
6÷2	28 ÷7	13	32 ÷ ¿	15 ÷ 5
2 3	1-4	2 13	9 16	-3 5

Multiplying Fractions

To multiply fractions, follow these steps:

$$\frac{14}{18} \times \frac{5}{21}$$

1. Reduce each fraction if possible.

2. Reduce fractions diagonally if possible.

3. Multiply all numerators.

4. Multiply all denominators.

$$9 \times 3 = 27$$

5. Double check that the numerator and denominator do not have a common factor other than 1.

Example: Multiply. Remember to show your work and clearly identify the final answer.

1	$\frac{3}{7} \times \frac{2}{11}$	$\left[\begin{array}{c} \frac{6}{77} \end{array}\right]$
2	2 \(\frac{5}{7} \times \frac{5}{81} \) 7	10 49
3	18×81	$\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{\frac{1}{8}}$
4	1 7 24 × 5 16 4	1 2 = 5 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1
5	$\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}} \times \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{14}{5}$	$\frac{1}{1} \times \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{5} = \boxed{\frac{4}{15}}$
61,	$\sqrt{\frac{10}{12}} \times \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{11}{23}$	$\frac{1}{28} \times \frac{31}{1} \times \frac{11}{23} = \frac{11}{46}$
7	3 15 × 105 324 3 6 × 15, × 18,	$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{5}{1} \times \frac{4}{1} = \frac{20}{1}$
8 / 2	$\sqrt{\frac{14}{16}} \times \frac{12}{11} \times \frac{21}{7}$	$\frac{1}{\lambda} \times \frac{3}{11} \times \frac{\lambda 1}{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 63 \\ \lambda 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 19 \\ \lambda 22 \end{bmatrix}$

Dividing Fractions

- Dividing fractions is very similar to multiplying fractions. However, there is an important additional step.
- Division is the same as multiplication by a reciprocal. For example: Dividing by two is the same as multiplying by $\frac{1}{2}$ and dividing by $\frac{1}{2}$ is the same as multiplying by 3.

Recall: A reciprocal is a flipped fraction.

Write reciprocals for each number:

$\frac{-5}{6}$	$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$-\frac{9}{17}$	8
- <u>6</u>	7 = 7	3 2	$-\frac{17}{9}$	8

To divide fractions, follow these steps:

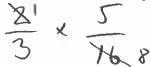
$$\frac{8}{12} \div \frac{16}{5}$$

1. Reduce each fraction if possible.

$$\frac{8^2}{12^3} \div \frac{16}{5}$$

2. KeepKissFlip = Copy the first fraction, change division to multiplication, reciprocate the second fraction.

3. Reduce fractions diagonally if possible.



4. Multiply all numerators.

5. Multiply all denominators.

6. Double check that the numerator and denominator do not have a common factor other than 1. Box/circle/underline the final answer.

Example: Divide. Remember to show your work and clearly identify the final answer.

1	$\frac{3}{7} \div \frac{8}{14}$	$\frac{3}{7} \div \frac{1}{7} = \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{71}{1} = \frac{3}{1} = \boxed{3}$
2	$\frac{6}{7} \div \frac{15}{21} \frac{5}{7}$	$\frac{6}{7} \div \frac{5}{7} = \frac{6}{7} \times \frac{7}{5} = \boxed{6}$
3	12 + 124 48 + 23	$\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{4}{3} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} = \boxed{\frac{3}{16}}$
4	$\frac{26}{33} \div \frac{5}{11}$	$\frac{2b}{333} \times \frac{11}{5} = \boxed{\frac{2b}{15}} = \boxed{\boxed{\frac{11}{15}}}$

5	$7\frac{14}{1020} \div \frac{7}{15} \div \frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{7}{10} \div \frac{7}{15} \div \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{10} \times \frac{15}{10} \times \frac{15}{10} = \frac{9}{1} = \frac{9}{1} = \frac{1}{10}$
6	$\frac{10}{12} \div \frac{3}{5} \div \frac{10}{23}$	$\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{5}{3} \times \frac{23}{10} = \boxed{\frac{115}{36}} = \boxed{\frac{3}{36}}$
7	$\frac{15}{6} \times \frac{10}{5} \cdot \frac{32}{8}$	$\frac{5}{2}$ $\times \frac{\Delta}{1} \times \frac{4}{9} = \boxed{\frac{5}{9}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{9}}$
8	$\frac{14}{16} \div \frac{12}{21} \times \frac{8}{7}$	$\frac{7}{8} \times \frac{8}{4} \times \frac{8}{7} = \boxed{\frac{7}{4}} = \boxed{\frac{3}{4}}$