

$$\begin{aligned} NPV &: 10 - 3x \leq 0 \\ 10 &\leq 3x \\ \frac{10}{3} &\leq x \\ x &\geq 3.\bar{3} \end{aligned}$$

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Kuta Software - Infinite Algebra 2

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

## Logarithmic Equations

Solve each equation.

$$1) \log 5x = \log (2x + 9) \quad NPV: x \leq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5x &= 2x + 9 \\ 3x &= 9 \\ x &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$2) \log (10 - 4x) = \log (10 - 3x) \quad NPV: 10 - 4x \leq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} 10 - 4x &= 10 - 3x \\ 0 &= x \\ \underline{\underline{x}} & \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$3) \log (4p - 2) = \log (-5p + 5) \quad NPV: 4p - 2 \leq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4p - 2 &= -5p + 5 \\ 9p &= 7 \\ p &= \frac{7}{9} \\ \underline{\underline{p}} & \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4p &\leq 2 \\ p &\leq \frac{1}{2} \\ -5p &\leq -5 \\ p &\geq 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$4) \log (4k - 5) = \log (2k - 1) \quad NPV: 4k - 5 \leq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4k - 5 &= 2k - 1 \\ 2k &= 4 \\ k &= 2 \\ \underline{\underline{k}} & \end{aligned}$$

$$NPV: 2k - 1 \leq 0$$

$$2k \leq 1$$

$$5) \log (-2a + 9) = \log (7 - 4a) \quad NPV: -2a + 9 \leq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} -2a + 9 &= 7 - 4a \\ 2a &= -2 \\ a &= -1 \\ \underline{\underline{a}} & \end{aligned}$$

$$6) 2\log_7(-2r) = 0 \quad log_7(-2r) = 0 = log_7 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} -2r &= 1 \\ r &= -\frac{1}{2} \\ \underline{\underline{r}} & \end{aligned}$$

$$7) -10 + \log_3(n+3) = -10 \quad NPV: n+3 \leq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log_3(n+3) &= 0 \\ \log_3(n+3) &= \log_3 1 \\ n+3 &= 1 \\ n &= -2 \end{aligned}$$

$$8) -2\log_5(7x) = 2$$

$$\log_5(7x) = 2$$

$$\log_5 \frac{1}{49x} = \log_5 25$$

$$\frac{1}{49x^2} = 25$$

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{1}{1225}}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1225}}$$

$$9) \log(-m) + 2 = 4 \quad NPV: -m \leq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log(-m) &= 2 \\ \log(-m) &= \log 100 \\ -m &= 100 \\ m &= -100 \end{aligned}$$

$$10) -6\log_3(x-3) = -24$$

$$\log_3(x-3) = 4$$

$$\log_3(x-3) = \log_3 81$$

$$x-3 = 81$$

$$x = 84$$

$$11) \log_{12}(v^2 + 35) = \log_{12}(-12v - 1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} v^2 + 35 &= -12v - 1 \quad NPV: v^2 + 35 \leq 0 \\ v^2 + 12v + 36 &= 0 \\ (v+6)(v+6) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$12) \log_9(-11x + 2) = \log_9(x^2 + 30) \quad NPV: x^2 + 30 \leq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} -11x + 2 &= x^2 + 30 \\ 0 &= x^2 + 11x + 28 \\ 0 &= (x+7)(x+4) \quad NPV: -11x + 2 \leq 0 \\ \underline{\underline{-7}} & \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NPV: } 16 + 2b &\leq 0 \\ 2b &\leq -16 \\ b &= -8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b^2 - 4b &\leq 0 \\ b(b-4) &\leq 0 \\ b \geq 0, \quad b-4 &\leq 0 \\ b &\leq 4 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{NPV: } h^2 + 12 &\leq 0 \\ h^2 &\leq -12 \\ \text{never} \end{aligned}$$

13)  $\log(16+2b) = \log(b^2 - 4b)$

$$16 + 2b = b^2 - 4b$$

$$0 = b^2 - 6b - 16$$

$$0 = (b-8)(b+2)$$

$$b = 8$$

$$b = -2$$

15)  $\log x + \log 8 = 2$

$$\log 8x = \log 100 \quad \text{NPV: } x \leq 0$$

$$8x = 100$$

$$x = \frac{100}{8}$$

$$x = 12.5$$

17)  $\log 2 + \log x = 1$

$$\log 2x = \log 10 \quad \text{NPV: } x \leq 0$$

$$2x = 10$$

$$x = 5$$

19)  $\log_8 2 + \log_8 4x^2 = 1 \quad \text{NPV: } x \leq 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \log_8 8x^2 &= \log_8 8 \\ 8x^2 &= 8 \\ x^2 &= 1 \\ x &= \pm 1 \end{aligned}$$

21)  $\log_6(x+1) - \log_6 x = \log_6 29$

$$\begin{aligned} \log_6 \frac{x+1}{x} &= \log_6 29 \quad x = \frac{1}{28} \\ \frac{x+1}{x} &= 29 \quad \text{NPV: } x \leq 0 \\ x+1 &= 29x \quad x \leq -1 \end{aligned}$$

23)  $\ln 2 - \ln(3x+2) = 1 \quad \text{NPV: } 3x \leq -2$

$$\begin{aligned} \ln \frac{2}{3x+2} &= \ln e \quad \frac{2}{3x+2} = 3x \\ \frac{2}{e} &= (3x+2)e \quad x = \frac{2-2e}{3e} \\ \text{A solution} \quad \frac{2}{e} &= 3x+2 \quad x = -3.1 \end{aligned}$$

25)  $\ln(x-3) - \ln(x-5) = \ln 5$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x-3}{x-5} &= 5 \quad \text{NPV: } x \leq 3 \\ x-3 &= 5x-25 \\ 12x &= 22 \quad x \leq 5 \end{aligned}$$

14)  $\ln(n^2 + 12) = \ln(-9n - 2) \quad \text{NPV: } -9n - 2 \leq 0$

$$n^2 + 12 = -9n - 2$$

$$-9n \leq -12$$

$$n \geq \frac{4}{3}$$

$$(n+2)(n+7) = 0$$

$$n = -2 \quad n = -7$$

16)  $\log x - \log 2 = 1$

$$\log \frac{x}{2} = \log 10$$

$$\frac{x}{2} = 10$$

$$x = 20$$

NPV:  $x \leq 0$

18)  $\log x + \log 7 = \log 37 \quad x \leq 0$

$$\log 7x = \log 37$$

$$7x = 37$$

$$x = \frac{37}{7}$$

20)  $\log_9(x+6) - \log_9 x = \log_9 2 \quad \text{NPV: } x \leq 0$

$$\log_9 \frac{(x+6)}{x} = \log_9 2 \quad \begin{matrix} x+6 \leq 0 \\ x \leq -6 \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{x+6}{x} = 2$$

$$x+6 = 2x$$

22)  $\log_5 6 + \log_5 2x^2 = \log_5 48$

$$\log_5 12x^2 = \log_5 48 \quad \text{No NPV}$$

$$12x^2 = 48$$

$$x^2 = 4$$

$$x = \pm 2$$

24)  $\ln(-3x-1) - \ln 7 = 2 \quad \text{NPV: } -3x-1 \leq 0$

$$\ln \frac{-3x-1}{7} = \ln e^2 \quad \begin{matrix} -3x-1 \leq 0 \\ x \geq -\frac{1}{3} \end{matrix}$$

$$-3x-1 = 7e^2$$

$$-3x = 7e^2 + 1$$

$$x = -\frac{7e^2 + 1}{3} \quad \text{ok}$$

26)  $\ln(4x+1) - \ln 3 = 5$

$$\frac{4x+1}{3} = e^5 \quad \text{NPV: } 4x \leq -1$$

$$4x+1 = 3e^5$$

$$4x = 3e^5 - 1$$

$$x \leq -\frac{1}{4}$$