C12

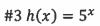
Exponential and Logarithmic Functions

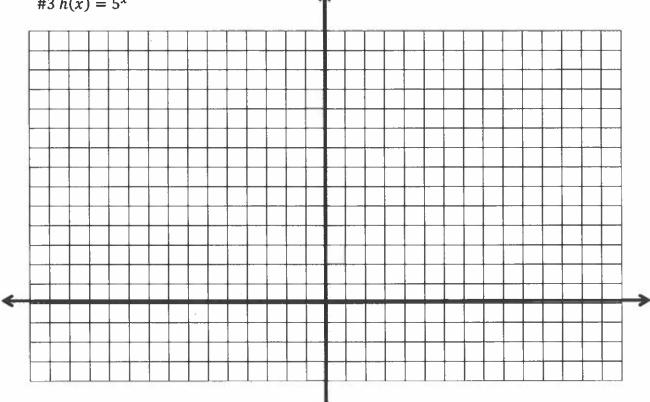
Exponential Functions

0 < base <	1 $base > 1$	
Domain	Domain	
Range	Range	
HA:	HA:	
	HA: y-intercept	
HA: y-intercept Point		

$$\#1\,f(x)=2^x$$

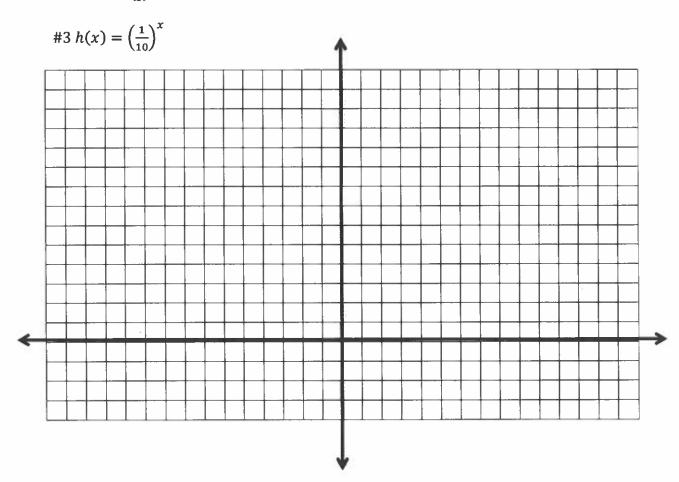
$$#2 g(x) = 3^x$$





$$#1 f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$$

$$#2 g(x) = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^x$$



Transformations of Exponential Functions

$$y = \pm ac^{(\pm b(x-h))} + k$$

> Using words, describe what transformations took place.

1.
$$y = 3 \cdot 5^{x-8} + 10$$

2.
$$y = -2^{-x+7}$$

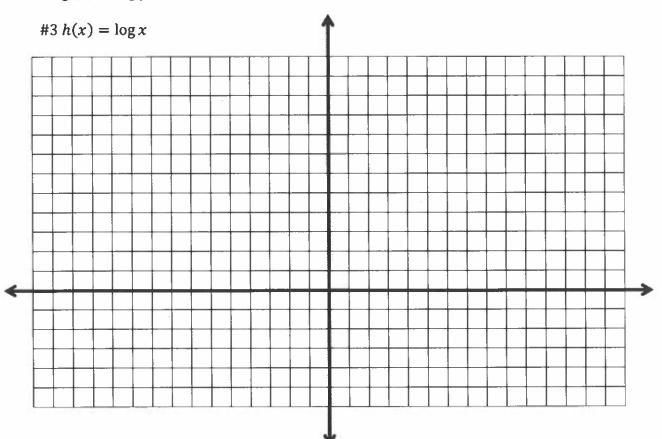
3.
$$y = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{5x+10} - 3$$

Logarithmic Functions

0 < base < 1	base > 1	
	2	
Domain	Domain	
Domain		
	Domain	
Domain Range		
Range	Domain Range	
	Domain	
Range VA:	Domain Range VA:	
Range VA:	Domain Range	
Range VA:	Domain Range VA:	

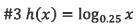
$$#1 f(x) = \log_2 x$$

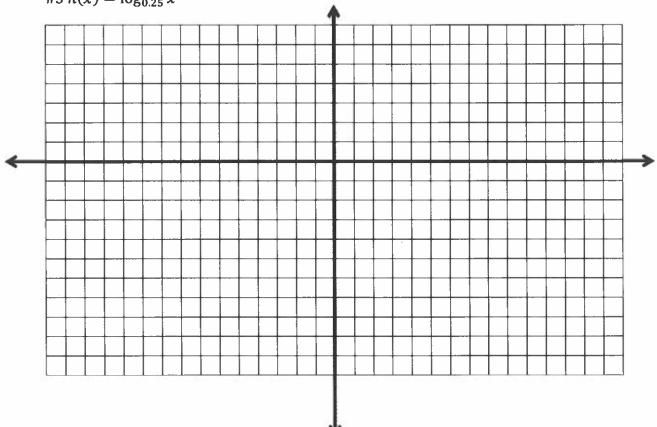
$$#2 g(x) = \log_4 x$$



$$#1 f(x) = \log_{0.5} x$$

$$\#2\ g(x) = \log_{0.1} x$$





Transformations of Exponential Functions

$$y = \pm a \log_c(\pm b(x - h)) + k$$

Using words, describe what transformations took place.

1.
$$y = 0.5 \log_3(x - 8) + 10$$

2.
$$y = \log_2(-x) + 7$$

3.
$$y = \log(2x + 3) - 1$$